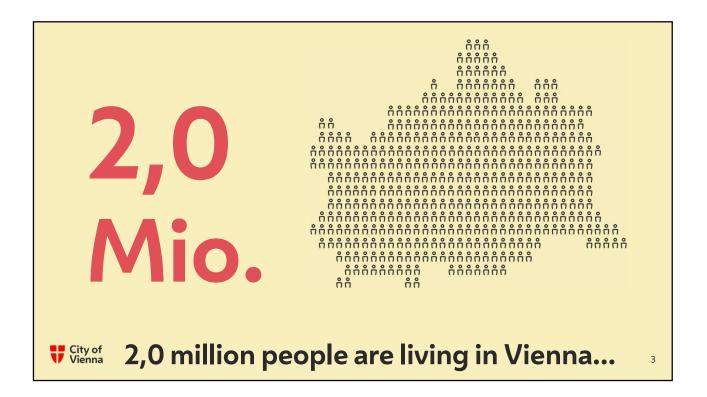


### Public benefits of affordable housing

- ✓ Active planning and housing policy strategy
- ✓ Definition and securing of quality criteria in housing construction
- $\checkmark$  Social policy component, promotion of a socially sustainable city
- ✓ Rights based and participatory approach
- ✓No segregation or "renovictions" due to gentle urban renewal
- ✓ Investment is securing of more than 20,000 jobs
- ✓ Boost for sustainable construction methods
- ✓ Focus on a healthy living environment
- ✓Neighbourhood-based and participatory approaches
- ✓ Clear women empowerment commitment

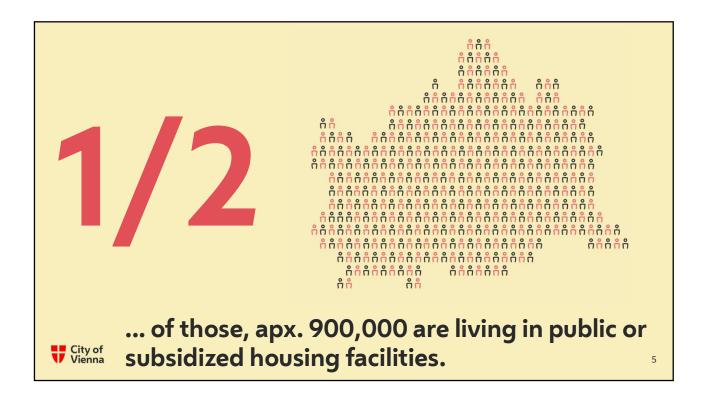


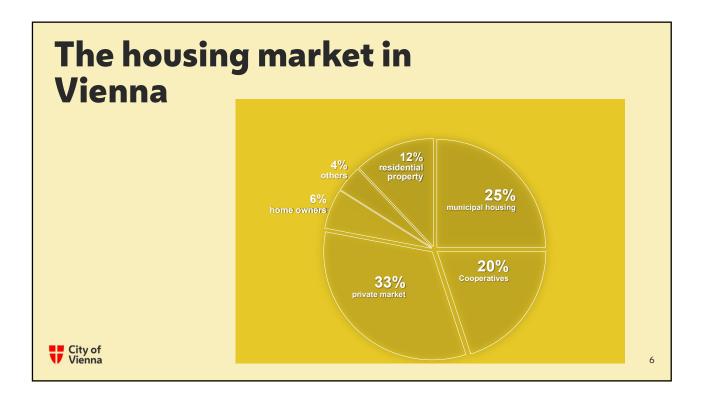


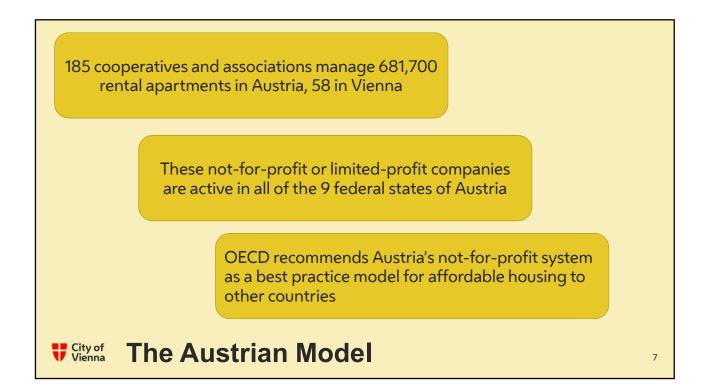
# Housing in Vienna: a city of tenants

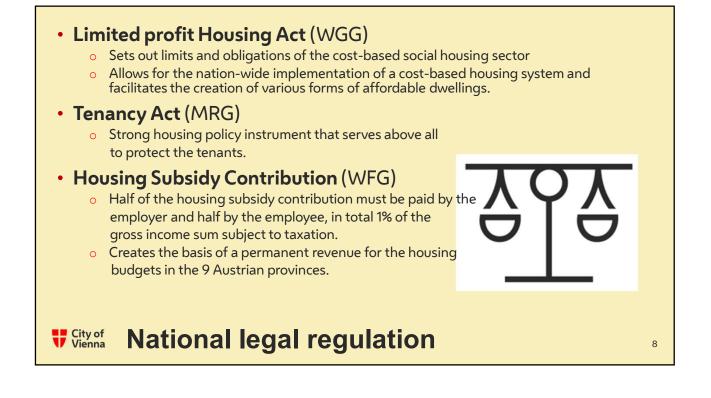
- Sovernance & instruments in Austria & its 9 regions
- Vienna Housing Promotion and Renovation Act
- Gentle Urban Renewal Strategy
- Gender Planning and Urban Development
- Vienna Land Fund
- Developers ' competitions for new construction
- Building Code with category "subsidised housing"
- Tenants ' protection and legal dispute settlement
- > 14.000 units under construction today



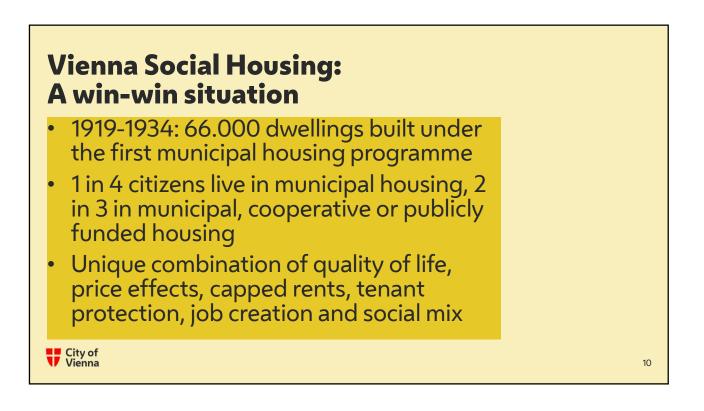


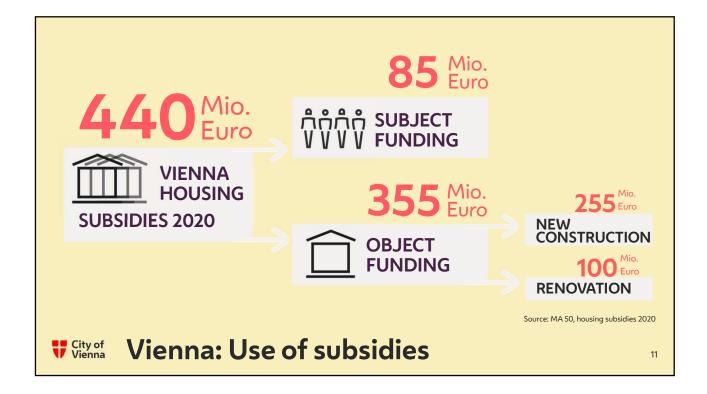






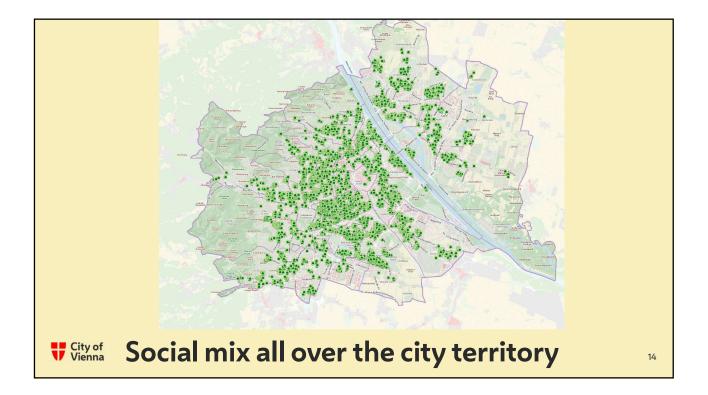








Number of people	Net-income per year	Net-income per month
1 Person	Euro 49,080	Euro 3,506
2 People	Euro 73,150	Euro 5,255
3 People	Euro 82,770	Euro 5,912
4 People	Euro 92,390	Euro 6,599
For each additional person	Plus Euro 5,390	Euro 385
		Euro 385 <b>Viennese population are eligib</b>







#### Measures to implement social housing

Create legal frameworks to regulate the market, strenghten non-profit construction and protect tenants

Commit to long-term planning, as well as reliable financing modes by implementing revolving systems which keep the money in the system

Meet peoples' housing needs by ensuring inclusive participation on the basis of constant foresight

Establish a good social mix in the housing facilities and in the city

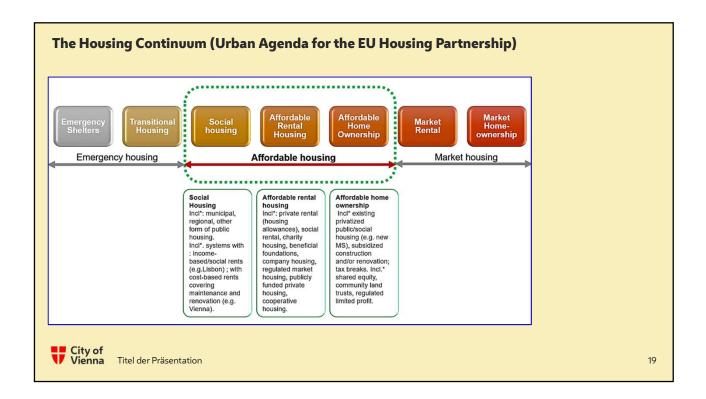
City of Vienna

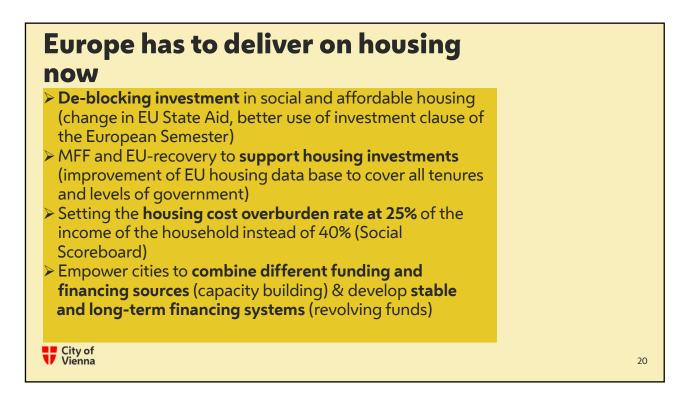


## Reasons for the Housing Crisis in European cities

- Lack of investment in social and affordable housing
- Financialisation of the housing markets, including risk of money laundering
- "Touristification" and gentrification
- High costs for construction and building ground, scarcity of land
- Low regulation and state intervention
- Taxation reliefs for institutional investors
- State intervention low







### Europe has to deliver on housing now

- The Green Deal's renovation wave has to be inclusive, participatory, with a clear gender focus (Affordable Housing Initiative, energy poverty)
- More control and legal accountability of short term holiday rentals (platform economy, Digital Services Act, Digital Market Act)
- Measures against financialisation and money laundering (transparency registry for real estate)
- Governance of EU housing initiatives has to take cities & regions, social, public, cooperative and affordable housing providers and tenants unions on board

City of Vienna

City of Vienna

### A common approach: good housing for all

- ✓ Put people at the center: involve, empower, emancipate
- Involve capable stakeholders to co-design, co-manage, co-own
- Protect citizens from speculation, eviction and homelessness
- Protect cities from gentrification, financialisation and touristification
- Set goals and processes in a transparent and accountable way on all levels of management and government
- ✓ Account for **long-term nature of housing** in all aspects of policy
- Promote multi-level, multi-stakeholder policy framework
- Create diverse, affordable and protective housing systems
- The market does not deliver; we need the return of the state



City of Vienna

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21

23

#### **Useful links**

Social Housing in Vienna https://socialhousing.wien/ Smarter Together Project https://www.smartertogether.at/ IBA Vienna 2022 https://www.iba-wien.at/en/

EU Urban Agenda Housing Partnership https://ec.europa.eu/futurium/en/housing ERHIN – European Responsible Housing Initiative https://www.responsiblehousing.eu/

