Government Housing Bank, Thailand



Growth with Stability in Affordable Housing Markets:

"Policy Framework, Institutional Infrastructure and Regulatory Environment with Focus on Affordability"



Ballobh Kritayanavaj Senior Vice President G H Bank – Thailand

January 30, 2011

Thailand Highlight



- Policy Framework Thailand has successfully provided affordable housing for decades.
- Home Ownership Rate >80%
 - no housing shortfall
- Slum & squatter settlements Bangkok 30% (1985) → 6% (2000)
- New homes in Bangkok avg. 160,000 Units/year (1993 1997)
 - 90,000 Units/year (2007 2011)
- Housing Finance available + accessible
 - affordable with low mortgage rates

Overview of Thailand



Items	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Population (Millions)	65.23	65.70	66.70	67.07	67.4	n.a.
Per Capita Income (USD)	2,588	2,815	2,887	2,999	4,716	n.a.
GDP (%)	5.0	4.8	2.6	-2.3	7.8	1.5
Inflation (%)	4.7	2.3	5.5	-0.9	3.9	3.8
Policy Rate (%)	5.00	3.25	2.75	1.25	2.00	3.00

Source : Bank of Thailand, National Economic and Social Development Board and National Statistical Office of Thailand

Residential Mortgages in the Thai Economy



Items	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*
Residential Mortgage Outstanding (RM)	1,351,182	1,443,435	1,566,440	1,715,584	1,873,784	2,016,753
All Types of Loans(AL)	7,756,122	8,137,489	9,690,223	10,390,417	11,802,544	11,856,103
GDP at current price	7,844,939	8,525,197	9,080,466	9,041,551	10,104,821	8,084,067
RM : AL (%)	17.4	17.7	16.2	16.5	15.9	17.1
RM : GDP (%)	17.2	16.9	17.3	19.0	18.5	24.9

Source : Bank of Thailand

* As of Q3/2011

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Unit: Million Baht

Financial Infrastructure and Institutions in Thailand



Policy Rate

- Regulation
- Supervision

Asset Management

Companies (21)

Bank of Thailand

- Thai commercial Banks (14)
- Subsidiary (1)
- Foreign Banks Branches (15)
- Finance Companies (3)
- Credit Fonciers (3)
- Foreign Bank Credit Bureau Co., Ltd (1)
- Credit Card Company (11)
- Personal Loan Company (26)

Ministry of Finance

Special Financial Institutions (8)

- Government Housing Bank
- Government Savings Bank BANK
- Secondary Mortgage Corporation
- Bank for Agriculture and Agricultural Cooperatives
- Export Import Bank of Thailand
- Islamic Bank of Thailand
- Small and Medium Enterprise
- Development Bank of Thailand
- Small Industry Credit Guarantee Corporation
- Thai Asset Management Corporation (1)

Housing Finance Regulated by BOT



Loan to value ratio (LTV)

House price/value < Bt 10 million - LTV up to 90% (for Condominium)

LTV up to 95% (for Single Detached house)

- > Bt 10 million LTV up to 80% (for all type of house)
- Maximum mortgage rate -19% per year (GH Bank)
 - free market rates 12-21% (to be registered with BOT)
- Maximum late charge
- 19% per year (GH Bank)
- free market rates 15-28% (to be registered with BOT)
- Prepayment penalties
- not allow prior to 3 years

(most banks charge 3% of loan amount)

- BIS ratio for mortgage loan Risk weight = 35%
- Mortgage lending report quarterly mortgage report by LTV ratio to BOT

Government policies for promoting more affordable housing



- Mortgage registration fee Reducing 1% → 0.01% (loan amount)
- Real estate transfer fee Reducing 2% → 0.01% (appraised value)
- Specific business tax (SBT) Reducing 2% → 0.01% (transaction price)
- First time homeownership policy Promoting first time home buyers
 - → GH Bank first home project
 - Total project loan amount : Bt 20,000 million
 - 0% interest rate (2-3 years)
 - LTV up to 100%
 - Loan amount up to 1 million
 - Only for first time ownership
- Homeownership taxation policy → interest from home loan is deductible for income taxation (Bt50,000 → Bt100,000)
- Low cost housing development policy Board of Investment (BOI)
 - Condominiums < 1 million
 - Land & house < 1.2 million --- Income tax exemption 5-8 years

Synergy through homeownership policies – Thailand



- Thailand has successfully delivered housing to its 67 million citizens through excellent execution of policies
- More than 80% of Thais have their own homes
- Housing finance is always available to homebuyers in all situation even in economic crisis years.
- Affordable housing finance measures have been implemented from time to time to stimulate the housing market and overall economy.

Synergy through three main public organizations



 3 main government-organizations implement government housing policies and programs primarily for middle-and-lower income citizens

NHA - National Housing Authority developing subsidised- low cost and affordable housing for low & moderate income people.

CODI - Community Organizations Development Institute slum upgrading and provision of lending mechanism to the urban poor (e.g. Microfinance and community based organization development)

GH Bank - Government Housing Bank offering more affordable mortgage loans to low & middle income groups

Synergy through Government as enabler and promoter



- Development of a vibrant private-sector-led housing industry
- Deliver appropriate housing at affordable prices to all income sectors nationwide
- Recognize the housing and real estate industry's importance to economic growth
- Efficiency land registration system.

Synergy through professional associations



more than 10 professional housing and real estate associations in Thailand

Housing finance: - Housing Finance Association

Developers: 1. Thai Real Estate Association

2. Housing Business Association

3. Thai Condominiums Association

Home builders : 1. Home Builders Association

2. Thai Home Constructions Association

Valuers : 1. Thai Valuers Association

2. The Valuers Association of Thailand

Marketing : 1. Real Estate Sales and Marketing Association

2. Real Estate Broker Association

Property 1. Property Management Association of Thailand

2. Condominium Management Associations

Planning : 1. Association of Thai Urban Designers

2. Thai Urban Planning Association

Synergy through training and education



Training

- AREA Thai Real Estate Business School
- Professional associations

- Education (Bachelor and Master degree)
 - Chula U. Ramkhamhaeng U.
 - Thammasat U. Assumptions U.

Synergy through housing information



Real Estate Information Center (REIC - MOF)

www.reic.or.th

- GH Bank
 - GH Bank Housing Journal (Thai)
 - Asia Pacific Housing Journal (English)
 - GH Bank's Home Buying Information and Homeownership Counseling Center www.ghbhomecenter.com
- Commercial Banks

<u>www.krungsriproperty.com</u> <u>www.khomesmilesclub.com</u>

Websites

<u>www.hometophit.com</u> <u>www.teedin108.com</u> <u>www.thaihometown.com</u> <u>www.ddproperty.com</u>

• RE magazines (eg. homebuyers guide, Land and House etc.)

Key conditions for affordable housing



1. National housing policy - homeownership strategy

Govt.

2. Household income & expenditure

People +

- Economic growth (GDP) > employment
- Income stability + regular savings
- 3. House price/cost

- Public + private
- Laws & regulations (planning and building control)
- Housing industry (public + private sector)
- 4. Housing finance (F. institutions policy & competency)
- F. institutions

- LTVR (up to 100%)
- Mortgage rate (lower than MLR)
- Repayment period(30 years)
- 5. Government promotional policy+ measures

Govt. + assoc.

- Taxation policy
- Other measures for affordable home
- 6. Household's knowledge and attitude

Mortgage rates strategy



1. Interest rate 0% (3 – 36 months)

- GH Bank 0% for 36 months, year 4 7 = MRR, year 8 onwards MRR -0.5
- Commercial banks (6) 0% for 3-10 months, year 1-3 = MRR minus, year 8 onwards MRR

2. Fixed short term rate (1-3 years)

- Commercial banks (4) 1 year = 2.5% 5.25%
- Commercial banks (4) 2 year = 3.75% 5.50% > after that MLR -0.25% to 1.75%
- Commercial banks (3) 3 year = 3.45% 6.25%

3. Special floating rate (1-3 years)

- **GH Bank** year 1-2 = MRR-2%, year 3 = MRR-1% after that MRR-0.5%
- Commercial banks (2) 1 year = MLR 1.75% and MLR 2.6%
- Commercial banks (5) 2 years = MLR 1.00% to 4.00%
- Commercial banks (7) 3 years = MLR 0.40% to 4%

4. Hybrid rate

- Commercial banks (5) fixed year 1 = 1.25% - 2.75%float year 2 = MLR - 1.00 to 2.00

Housing Ladder







